Portage County Safe Routes to School Plan

Portage County, Wisconsin
Washington
Elementary School

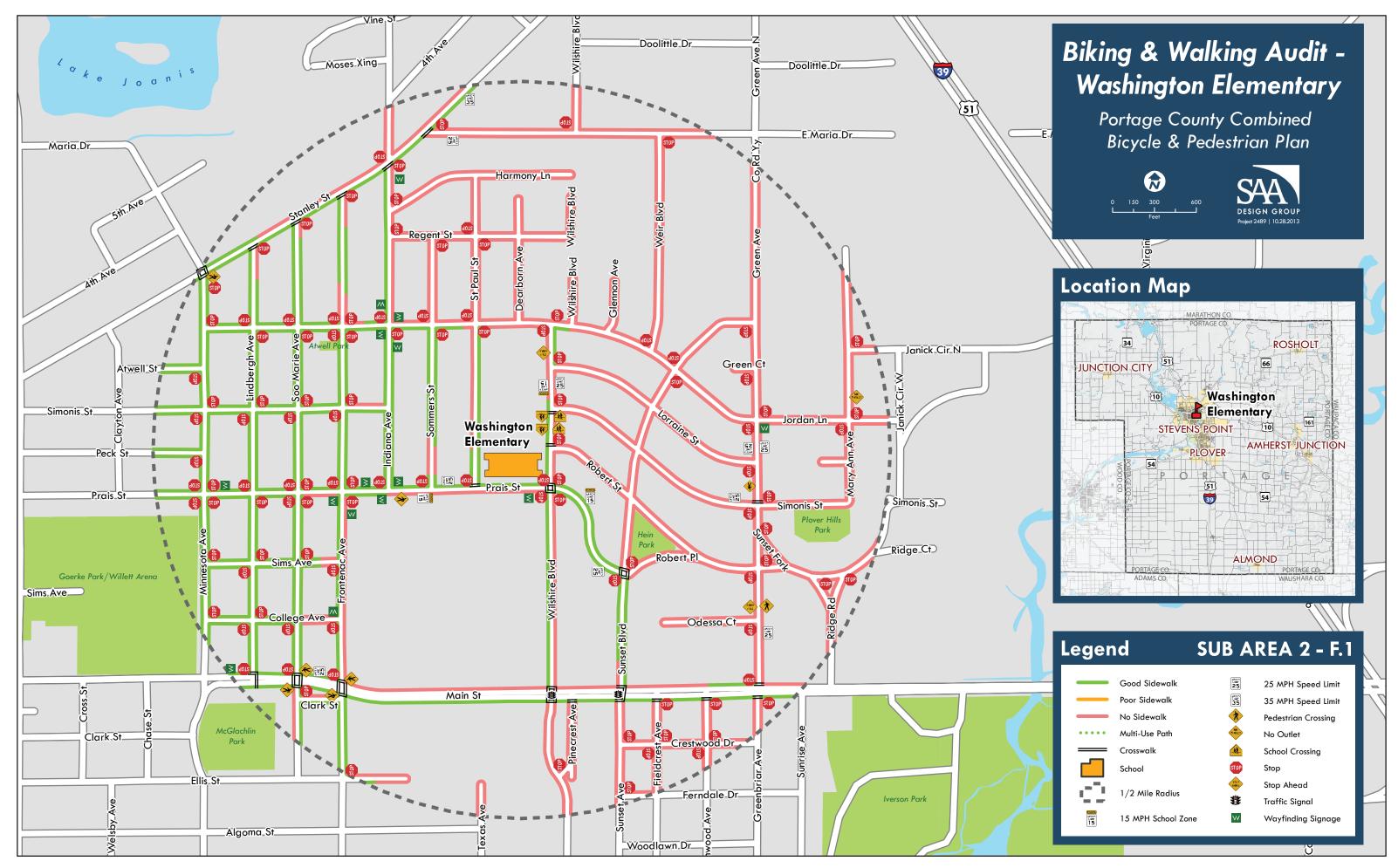


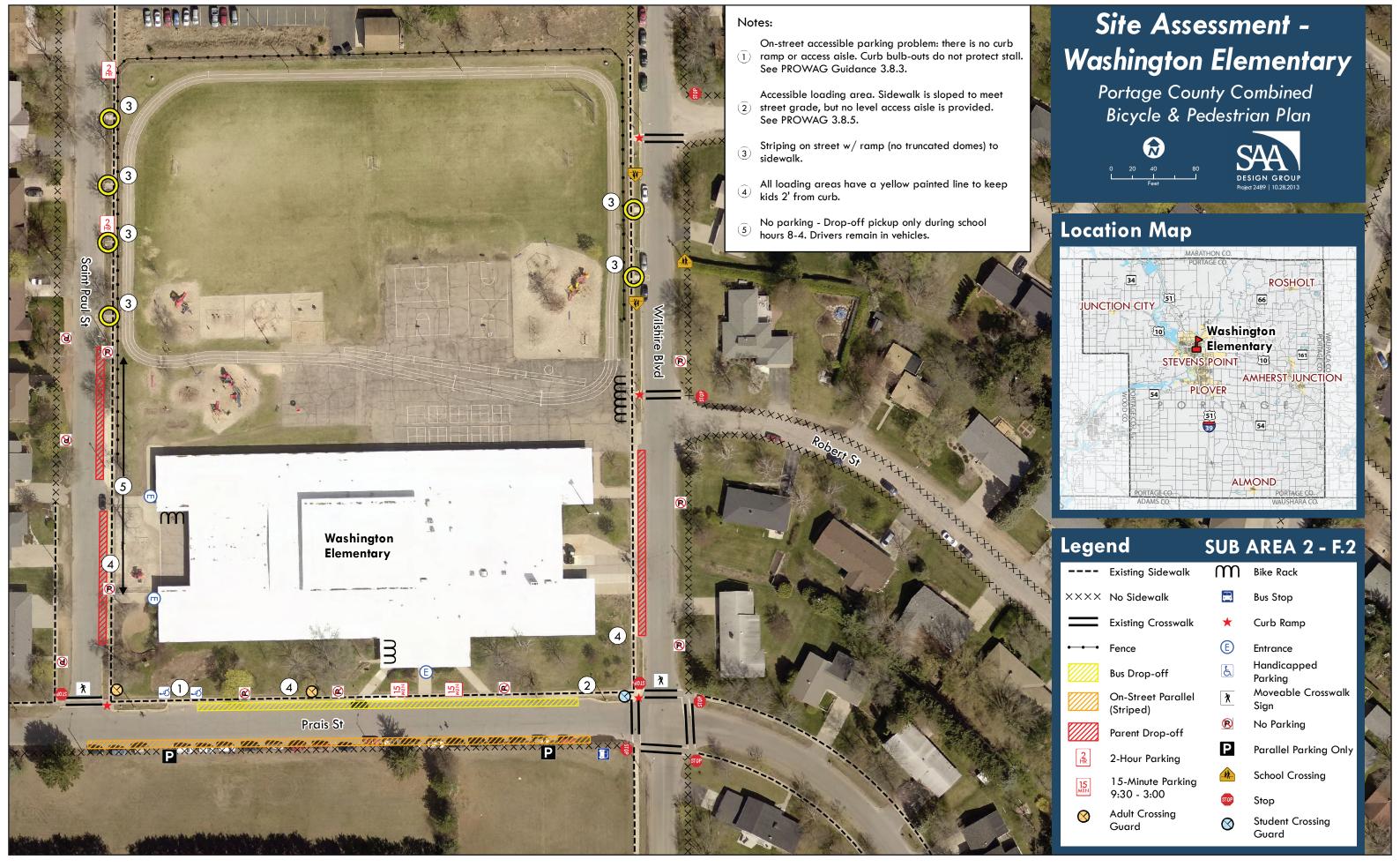
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Plan prepared by:

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Portage County, Wisconsin Safe Routes to School Plan

Washington Elementary School

Location and Contact Information				
Washington Elementary School	Under Angel St.			
3500 Prais Street	Jordan Ln Jordan Ln			
Stevens Point, WI 54481	Abreel Park Si Parks United Methods Church No. Abreel St. Abree			
t(715) 345-5426				
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Bill Carlson, Principal	Po Po Mario Ave			
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Issue	Recommendation	Rationale			
Strategy Type :: Education					
Parents may be unaware of or ignore established drop-off/pick-up procedures. Students may not have an understanding of core bicycle and	 2.6.1 Integrate drop-off/pick-up routine education into parent/teacher conferences, orientation, or other significant event. 2.6.2 Consider initiating a SRTS Training Program. These programs, 	Educating parents on the drop- off/pick-up routine is an ongoing process and needs to be communicated at least annually. Educational courses focusing on bicycle and pedestrian safety teach			
pedestrian safety elements.	available through organizations like Bicycle Federation of Wisconsin, can increase usership and enhance skills.	valuable skills.			
In depth bicycle safety training opportunities are limited and forums for discussing opportunities for improving the walkability of the community do not currently exist.	2.6.3 Work with WisDOT and local police to bring a Bicycle Rodeo or Walkable Communities Workshop to the district.	Training programs such as Bicycle Rodeos can teach valuable on-bike skills. Walkable Communities Workshops can help engage the community in the process to create a more walkable and livable environment.			
Students and parents may be unaware of preferred walking and bicycling routes.	2.6.4 Work with Portage County Planning and Zoning to implement maps of preferred walking and bicycling routes to parents and students.	See Best Practices (Chapter 3).			
Strategy Type :: Encouragement	Strategy Type :: Encouragement				
The number of students biking or walking to school could be increased.	2.6.5 Develop communitywide encouragement and incentive programs to encourage walking and biking. These may include media campaigns and participating in activities like Walk to School Day.	Encouragement activities build interest and enthusiasm and help ensure the program's continued success. See Best Practices (Chapter 3).			
The number of students biking or walking to school could be increased.	2.6.6 Develop a Walking School Bus program at each school using community and parent volunteers.	See Best Practices (Chapter 3).			
There aren't enough encouragement activities in place to promote biking	2.6.7 Develop school-based incentive programs such as	See Best Practices (Chapter 3).			

and walking as a fun transportation	"Mileage Clubs" or "Golden	
alternative.	Sneaker Awards"	
Strategy Type :: Enforcement Traffic laws and school zone	269 Enforce and district to the	Dairean discharing to CC - male
regulations need to be enforced.	2.6.8 Enforce speed limits, traffic signage and crosswalk regulations in school zones.	Drivers disobeying traffic rules create a dangerous environment for bicyclists and pedestrians.
Inappropriate motorist behavior is not always reported.	2.6.9 Report instances of inappropriate motorist behavior, illegal parking and loading to police regularly.	Unreported traffic violations reinforce inappropriate motorist behavior.
Properly maintained sidewalks are critical to maintaining a safe pedestrian network.	2.6.10 Enforce sidewalk and property maintenance laws to increase safety and capabilities for walking and biking.	Unmaintained or poorly maintained sidewalk creates hazards for pedestrians.
Strategy Type :: Engineering		
The parking stalls designated as accessible do not meet accessibility guidelines (accessible route and ramps).	2.6.11 Install accessible ramps for on-street accessible parking along Prais Street (near the intersection of Prais and St. Paul Street). Ramps should be immediately adjacent to the accessible parking stalls and located along an accessible route.	Accessibility standard for accessible parking need to be followed to ensure safety and universal access.
The loading area designated as accessible does not meet accessibility guidelines (cross slope requirements).	2.6.12 The existing accessible loading area on Prais Street (near the intersection of Prais and Wilshire Blvd.) does not meet current accessibility guidelines for loading areas. Provide an expanded loading area that conforms to maximum slope requirements.	Accessibility standard for accessible parking need to be followed to ensure safety and universal access.
This type of bike rack is not well designed for functionality and can easily damage wheels.	2.6.13 Replace "wheel-bender" bike racks with modern rack that has at least two touch points, and (re)locate near school entry on hard surface.	Functional, convenient and secure bike parking can encourage regular use of bikes as transportation.
Linkages to the school should be improved.	2.6.14 Complete the sidewalk network on at least one side of the street surrounding the S. Paul's United Methodist Church property (Wilshire Blvd, St. Paul Street and Jordan Lane).	This is a significant gap in a relatively complete sidewalk network. Informal pedestrian paths exist and should be formalized with sidewalk or an off street path.
Main Street is difficult to cross and may be viewed as a barrier to bicyclists and pedestrians.	2.6.15 When Main Street is reconstructed, install pedestrian refuge islands at the intersections of Main and Wilshire and Main and Sunset.	Decreasing the crossing distance on Main Street creates a safer environment for the bicyclist and pedestrian.
Pedestrian activated crossing signals do not exist at all major signalized intersections. Opportunities exist to create a more	 2.6.16 Install pedestrian activated crossing signals at all major signalized intersections. 2.6.17 Explore opportunities for 	See Best Practices (Chapter 3). Creating a more complete on-street

Opportunities exist to create a more complete on-street bicycle network.	creating on-street bicycle facilities along Minnesota Avenue, Clark Street, Main Street and Church Street. See Neighborhood Improvement Map (Sub Area 2) 2.6.18 Explore opportunities for creating on-street bicycle facilities (bike lane or paved shoulder) along Green Avenue. See Neighborhood Improvement Map (Sub Area 2)	network of bicycle facilities increases opportunities for bicycling as a viable transportation option. Creating a more complete on-street network of bicycle facilities increases opportunities for bicycling as a viable transportation option.
Green Avenue and Simonis Street do not have formalized bicycle or pedestrian facilities and facilities on Prais Street and Wilshire Blvd. are incomplete.	2.6.19 Explore opportunities for creating an off-street multi-use path along Green Avenue, Simonis Street, Wilshire Blvd and Prais Street. See Neighborhood Improvement Map (Sub Area 2).	Green Avenue and Simonis Street do not have formalized bicycle or pedestrian facilities and could create significant connections to the school site. Additional facilities on Wilshire Blvd. and Prais Street could help create a more complete network.
Strategy Type :: Evaluation		
Current conditions for walking and biking throughout the community are not fully known.	2.6.20 Conduct a communitywide transportation survey to measure mode choice within the community. Survey should include primary concerns and popular destinations or routes.	Collecting data can provide information to help guide program planning, understand the progress and identify future actions. See Best Practices (Chapter 3).
The benefits of biking and walking may not be fully understood within the community.	2.6.21 Work with bicycle and pedestrian advocacy groups to increase the working knowledge of biking and walking and the impact on key community health indicators (physical activity, obesity rates, energy consumption, productivity, sick day rates, etc.)	See Best Practices (Chapter 3).
Program success cannot be properly evaluated without regular data collection and analysis.	2.6.22 Complete and submit School Tally results to the National Center for Safe Routes to School at least annually.	See Best Practices (Chapter 3).

